

Assignment 9-1

Using these parametric equations, eliminate the parameter to write the corresponding rectangular equation. Sketch the curve indicating the orientation without using a calculator.

1. $x = 2t - 3$, $y = \frac{2}{3}t + 4$ 2. $x = t^3$, $y = t^2$ 3. $x = \sqrt{t}$, $y = 4 - t$ 4. $x = t^4$, $y = 4 \ln t$

5. Use a calculator set in parametric mode to graph the curve represented by the parametric equations $x = -3 + 4 \cos \theta$ and $y = 1 + 2 \sin \theta$. Then eliminate the parameter.

6. Given the parametric equations $x = -2t + 1$ and $y = t^3 + 3$:

a. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$

b. Find an equation of the tangent line when $t = 1$.

c. Use concavity to determine if the tangent line is above the curve or below the curve.

7. Given the parametric equations $x = 3 \cos \theta$ and $y = 3 \sin \theta$:

a. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$.

b. Find an equation of the tangent line when $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

c. Use concavity to determine if the tangent line is above the curve or below the curve.

8. Use a calculator to graph the curve represented by the parametric equations $x = 3 \sin(2t)$ and $y = 2 \sin t$. The curve crosses itself at the point $(0,0)$. Find equations of all tangent lines at that point.

Without using a calculator, find all points at which each curve has horizontal and vertical tangents.

9. $x = 2t + 1$, $y = t^2$

10. $x = t^2 + 1$, $y = t^2 + 4t$

11. $x = t^2 - t + 3$, $y = 4t^3 - 12t$

12. $x = \tan \theta$, $y = \sec \theta$

Given the parametric equations $x = -3t - 5$ and $y = t^3 - 12t + 3$ (without using a calculator):

13. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ in terms of t .

14. Use the second derivative test to determine if the curve has a local maximum, a local minimum, or neither when $t = 2$.

15. Use the second derivative test to determine if the curve has a local maximum, a local minimum, or neither at the point $(1,19)$.

16. Use the second derivative test to determine if the curve has a local maximum, a local minimum, or neither at the point $(-8,-8)$.

Show an integral setup and find the length of each arc on the given interval.

17. $x = 3t - t^2$, $y = 4t^{\frac{3}{2}}$ $1 \leq t \leq 2$

18. $x = t + \cos t$, $y = t - \sin t$ $0 \leq t \leq \pi$

19. $x = \arccos t$, $y = \ln \sqrt{1+t^2}$ $0 \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2}$