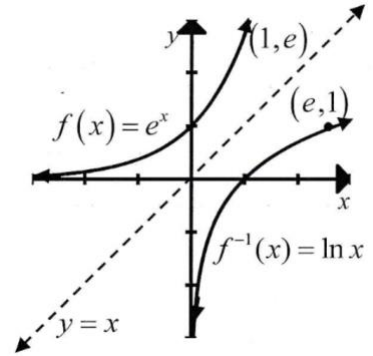


## Lesson 2.3: Logarithmic Functions & Log Derivatives

The inverse of  $f(x) = e^x$  is  $f^{-1}(x) = \ln(x)$ .

Note:  $\log_e(x)$  is usually written  $\ln(x)$  and  $\log_{10}(x)$  is usually written simply as  $\log(x)$ .

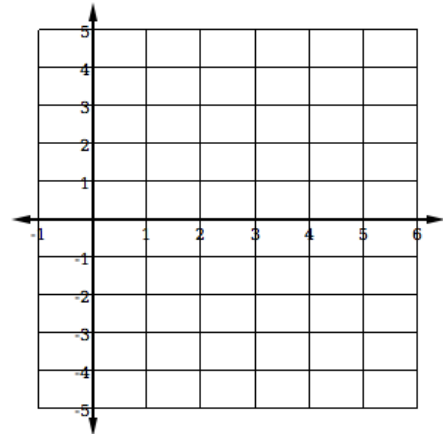


Graphs of Logarithmic Functions:

If $f(x) = \log_a x$ and $a > 1$ , then	
1.	2.
3.	4.

Example:

- Without using a calculator, sketch a graph of  $y = |\ln(x - 2)|$ . Write an equation for the graph's asymptote.



Change of Form Definition

Examples:

1. Change the following equations from exponential form to log form or vice versa.

a.  $3^4 = 81$

b.  $\log(.1) = -1$

2. a. Since  $e^0 = 1$ ,  $\ln(1) =$       b. Since  $e^1 = e$ ,  $\ln(e) =$       c.  $\ln(e^n) = e^{\ln(n)} =$

3. Simplify.

a.  $\ln(e^{\sqrt{2}}) =$

b.  $e^{\ln(3x)} =$

b. c.  $10^{\log(2)} =$

d.  $\log_2 2^{x^2} =$

### Properties of Logarithms

1.
2.
3.

These properties work for any bases, but only if  $a > 0$  and  $b > 0$ .

Examples:

1. Find using the properties of logarithms.

a.  $\ln \frac{5}{8} =$

b.  $\ln \sqrt[3]{x^2 + 1} =$

2. Condense into a single logarithm. ( $x > 0$  and  $y > 0$ )

a.  $-3 \ln(x) + 5 \ln(y)$

b.  $\frac{1}{2} \ln(x) + \ln(x + 1) - 3 \ln(y)$

3. Solve for  $x$ .

a.  $y = e^{2x-5} + 6$

b.  $\log_2(x) - \log_2(x - 8) = 3$

### Change of Base Formula

--	--

Examples:

1. Use your calculator to find  $\log_7 112$  to 3 decimal places.

2. a. Find an exact value for  $x$ , if  $3^{x+2} = 6$ .

b. Use your calculator to find a decimal value for your answer from Part a.

### Differentiating Logarithmic Functions

--	--

--	--

Examples: Differentiate.

1.  $y = \ln(5x)$

2.  $f(t) = \ln(3t^2 - t)$

3.  $h(x) = x \ln(x)$

4. Find  $\frac{d}{dy} \ln|5 - 2y^3|$

5. Differentiate  $y = \ln \frac{x\sqrt{2x+1}}{x^2+1}$

6. If  $y = \log_2(x^2 + 1)$ , find  $y'(2)$ .

### Procedure for Logarithmic Differentiation

We use logarithmic differentiation when we are trying to take a derivative of a function that has a variable both in the exponent and the base.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

Example:

1. Differentiate  $y = (x^2 + 1)^{x-1}$ . Express your answer in terms of  $x$ .

